DYNON PLANNING FOR SUCCESS 102

System Design and Layout of your Dynon or Advanced Flight System in Experimental Aircraft

Presenter – David Weber

- Engineer Dynon Avionics/Advanced
- A&P IA
- Private Pilot
- Airplane Builder
 - Sonex (plans built)
 - Sportman (team build)
 - RV-7
- EAA Technical Counselor
- Senior Hardware Designer
- Dynon Hangar Manager





Planning for Success 102- Outline

- Mission
- Installation Fundamentals
 - COM Radio
 - ADS-B Receiver
 - Pitot/AOA Tube and Static Ports
 - Servo's
- Tools for Success
- "Hold My Beer..."
- Information Resources

- SV-COM-PANEL
 - Required component (may be required by some regulatory agencies)
 - Dsub network (D9) and direct connection to transceiver (D15)
- Remote Transceiver extreme vibration is undesirable
 - Avoid heat
 - Locate as close to transmitting antenna as practical
 - Serial Network connection to SkyView (D25)
 - TNC connector to antenna
- Do Not transmit without antenna connected!



- Antenna
 - Minimum 48" from any ADF or 121.5 ELT antenna
 - Minimum 24" from transponder or GPS receiving antenna
 - If installing two COM antenna's, locate as far apart as practical
 - Use quality RG400 Coax and avoid bend radius less than 1"
 - Ground to metal skin or square ground plane



Power

- 10-30 VDC
- 2.5 amp drawat 14 VDC
- Connect ground directly to ground bus
- 20 AWG recommended for power and ground, all other 22 AWG
- Dynon does not sell a COM wiring harness













QUESTIONS?



Installation Fundamentals – ADS-B (SV-ADSB-472)

- Avoid extreme vibration
- Avoid heat
- Locate as close to antenna as practical
- Dynon sells premade harness
- Serial network connection to SkyView
- BNC connector to antenna
- Transponder that meets ADS-B Out specifications required
- This is a receiver only Dual band 978MHz & 1090 MHz
- Power 10-30 VDC
- 0.05 A draw @ 14VDC





Installation Fundamentals – ADS-B (SV-ADSB-472)

• Antenna

- Minimum 48" from any ADF or 121.5 ELT antenna
- Minimum 24" from transponder antenna
- Can not share transponder antenna
- Use quality RG400 Coax and avoid bend radius less than 1"
- Ground to metal skin or square ground plane
- Mount on bottom surface of aircraft and vertical with aircraft in flight
- Highly recommend mounting "doubler"







Installation Fundamentals – ADS-B (SV-ADSB-472)



QUESTIONS?



Installation Fundamentals – *Pitot/AOA Tube*

- Location on Aircraft is critical for both probe and ports
- Orientation and direction is critical to AOA feature on probe
- There is an up and down for the probe
- Rigid mounting
 - Icing
 - Bumping
- No network connection to SkyView
- Dynon Pitot Mast
- Dynon Pitot Static Installation Kit
- Heated Probe requires 10-14 VDC (will not work with 28 VDC)
- Draws 10.0 A at 12 VDC



Installation Fundamentals – *Pitot/AOA Tube How it works*



- Pitot and AOA air are pressure, not flow (kind of)
- Drain holes must remain clear of any obstruction for proper operation
- AOA "Flat" has a purpose
- Heated pitot tube require special attention
 - Use large gauge wire
 - Largest current draw is on start up
 - Heating coils cycle due to demand (logic)

Installation Fundamentals – *Pitot/AOA Tube Unheated Pitot Tube Cut-away*



Installation Fundamentals – Pitot/AOA Tube Wing Offset



Installation Fundamentals – *Pitot/AOA Tube Pitot Mast Mounting*



- The further away from the structure the better
- Consider pitot damage when mounting
- 6.o" is very reasonable
- 2.0" is not recommended
 - Mount rigidly to structure not just skin
 - Resonance
 - lce
 - Impact

Installation Fundamentals – *Pitot/AOA Tube Heated Pitot*



Recommended wire gauge for runs,
given 10-amp peak currentRun lengthGauge~3.5' wiring included with units4' - 16'14 AWG

17' – 24'	12 AWG
25' - 40'	10 AWG
Based on recommendations in	
FAA AC 43,13-18, page 11-30	

- Mount controller as close as practical
- 18AWG x 42"L wire provided from controller to pitot
- If longer run is needed refer to chart
- Only applies to BLU, ORG or BLK wires
- Mount for cooling



QUESTIONS?



Mr. Pitot

Installation Fundamentals – Servo's

- Location must allow the servo arm and associated linkage to move freely through the entire range of travel
- Do not allow the servo arm to travel more than ±60° from neutral throughout the control system's range of travel. Note that this requirement only applies to arm servos and not capstan servos
- Leave room for all mounting hardware, including brackets, fasteners, linkages, etc.
- Leave room for electrical connections
- Verify full control throws after installation

Installation Fundamentals – *Servo's Limiting Bracket*

- Use the aircraft's control stops for servo limits...DO NOT use the limiting bracket as the control surface hard stop!
- Use only the hardware supplied by Dynon to mount the Limiting Bracket





Installation Fundamentals – *Servo's Servo Kits*

- Dynon sells servo installation kits for:
 - RV4 (pitch), RV6(roll), RV7, RV8, RV9, RV10 (+yaw)
 - Sonex A
- General installation kit for both arm/pushrod and capstan
 - Includes pushrod and mounting hardware
 - I recommend you purchase the RV6 Roll as it includes a basic servo mounting bracket





Installation Fundamentals – Servo's Custom Installations – Glasair IIS



Installation Fundamentals – Servo's Custom Installations – you tell me



Installation Fundamentals – *Servo's Wiring*

- Skyview Network CAN NOT power a servo
- Servos require seperate 20AWG (min) wire, longer runs require larger gauge
- Highly recommend dedicated breaker and switch



All wires in the kit are 20 feet long and 22 AWG unless otherwise specified.

Questions?



Tools for Success



"D-Sub" Pin Crimper -Amazon -Allied Electronics



EAA MembershipSolidWorks

Tech Counselor



Installation Manuals

Nut Plates -Aircraft Spruce -Wicks

DYNON

SkyView SE SkyView Classic SkyView Touch SkyView HDX

System Installation Guide

Document 101320-032, Revision AG For use with software version v15.4 April 2020

"Hold my beer and watch this" - What you need to do before you fly

Pitot/Static System

۲

- Zero pressure calibration
- Verify reading is correct at different pressures
- Leak down test on Pitot/Static system
- GPS signal is sufficient
 - Test outside and away from buildings
 - GPS receivers can only determine direction after move
- Compass calibration
 - Do this in certified location
 - Not near metal buildings or structures
- Radio Check (5 by 5)
 - Clarity and strength
- Transponder certification before first flight
 - VFR 91.413 "The manufacturer of the aircraft on which
 - IFR Requires system test. Don't do IFR your first fligh
- EGT and CHT sensors are correctly located
- Fuel indicators are correctly calibrated



Missing in Action – What I didn't talk about

- Back up Instruments (D30)
- NAV Radio
- Intercom (this is BIG)
- Audio Panel (even BIGGER)
- GPS Navigator integration
- ELT

• OAT

- Position Sensors
- Indicators (canopy, gear, etc)

Information Resources

- Dynon Tech Support
 - 425-402-0433
 - Don Jones Customer Service Mgr
 - support@dynonavionics.com
 - Put "David Weber" in the subject line it will get to me
 - Facebook (Dynon Avionics Enthusiasts)
- Dynon YouTube Channel
 - How to video
 - Meditation
- Advanced Flight Systems
 - Rob Hickman Pres
 - rob@advanced-flight-systems.com
 - info@advanced-flight-systems.com

- Dynon Online Forums
 - Check Website for dates and times
- Dynon Newsletter
 - https://www.dynonavionics.com/newsletters.php
- Dynon and AFS Social Media
 - Facebook
 - Instagram
 - Twitter
- Downloads
 - Manuals
 - Product Data Sheets
 - Schematics
 - Software Updates

Thank You! Presenter – David Weber

See you OSHKOSH 2024!

FLYDYNON